NFPA[®]

Standard on Stored Electrical Energy Emergency and Standby Power Systems

2019



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NFPA® 111

Standard on

Stored Electrical Energy Emergency and Standby Power Systems

2019 Edition

This edition of NFPA 111, Standard on Stored Electrical Energy Emergency and Standby Power Systems, was prepared by the Technical Committee on Emergency Power Supplies and released by the Correlating Committee on National Electrical Code[®]. It was issued by the Standards Council on December 24, 2017, with an effective date of January 13, 2018, and supersedes all previous editions.

This edition of NFPA 111 was approved as an American National Standard on January 13, 2018.

Origin and Development of NFPA 111

The Technical Committee on Emergency Power Supplies was organized in 1976 by NFPA in recognition of the demand for guidelines on the assembly, installation, and performance of electrical power systems to supply critical and essential needs during outages of the normal power source. During the development of a base standard (NFPA 110, Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems), it was determined that several power sources were available for emergency and standby power systems. The committee determined that sufficient differences existed between these sources to justify separate documents providing clearly defined specifics. Each document would follow the basic format of NFPA 110 to provide a consistent basis for comparison and usage and would remain under the jurisdiction of the Technical Committee on Emergency Power Supplies.

Because of the unique knowledge necessary to provide an authoritative document, the technical committee authorized a subcommittee in 1982 to prepare a draft document on systems using stored energy sources. In 1986, a document tentatively titled NFPA 110A, *Stored Energy Emergency and Standby Power Systems*, was submitted for adoption at the 1989 NFPA Annual Meeting.

Formally designated as NFPA 111, this document addressed the performance of stored energy systems with appropriate equipment detail. The requirements of the standard were considered necessary to obtain the minimum level of reliability and performance and to achieve an on-site stored energy auxiliary electrical power source suitable to the needs of the applicable requirements. If followed, its use would result in a system suitable for various situations as required by other codes and standards.

The second edition in 1993 contained only minor changes.

For the 1996 edition, a section was added to cover the acceptability of systems, methods, and devices other than those listed in the document.

The 2001 edition contained two changes: informational text was moved to the appendix, and the operational testing requirements were expanded.

The 2005 edition underwent a complete rewrite in accordance with the *Manual of Style for NFPA Technical Committee Documents*. Along with the rewrite, some of the definitions were revised and located in Chapter 3. Other data in the document were transferred to the table format for better usability.

The 2010 edition revised the document scope to clarify that an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) supplied through an emergency power supply (EPS) is not a stored emergency power supply system (SEPSS). The definitions of *automatic transfer switch* and *nonautomatic transfer switch* were revised to correlate with NFPA 110. New definitions covered battery cell types, bridging systems, and electrochemical energy storage devices. Energy sources, convertors, inverters, and accessories were covered by Chapter 5 revisions that clarified existing requirements, recognized new battery types, and provided requirements covering stored energy sources other than batteries. Revisions to area ventilation requirements acknowledged that there might be flammable gases other than hydrogen