NFPA® Solvential Solv

Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials

2021



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NFPA® 33

Standard for

Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials

2021 Edition

This edition of NFPA 33, Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials, was prepared by the Technical Committee on Finishing Processes. It was issued by the Standards Council on October 5, 2020, with an effective date of October 25, 2020, and supersedes all previous editions.

This edition of NFPA 33 was approved as an American National Standard on October 25, 2020.

Origin and Development of NFPA 33

NFPA 33, Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials, originally titled Standard on Paint Spraying and Spray Booths, was initiated in 1921. The first edition was published in 1922 as part of the Standard on Dip Tanks (now NFPA 34, Standard for Dipping, Coating, and Printing Processes Using Flammable or Combustible Liquids).

The following major changes were adopted in the 2003 edition:

- (1) Chapters were rearranged to align the standard with the NFPA Manual of Style. For example, all the references within the mandatory text are now listed in Chapter 2 and all the definitions are now in Chapter 3.
- (2) Chapter 6 (formerly Chapter 4) was extensively revised to recognize the Zone concept of area classification. Changes included the addition of the appropriate definitions and revision of the figures to illustrate the area classifications in and around spray areas, spray booths, spray rooms, and equipment.
- (3) Chapter 9 (formerly Chapter 7) was extensively revised to more effectively and clearly present the requirements for fire protection in spray areas.
- (4) Section 10.5 was added to provide more specific guidance on the handling of waste materials, Section 10.7 was revised to allow for the use of any suitable solvent to clean spray equipment, and Section 10.8 was added to address the hazards of solvent distillation units.
- (5) Subsection 14.3.5 (formerly 12.3.5) was revised to incorporate the Zone concept of area classification for use with limited finishing workstations.

The following major changes were adopted in the 2007 edition:

- (1) In Chapter 3, the definition of *spray area* was revised.
- (2) In Section 5.5, the allowable materials for vision and observation panels were expanded.
- (3) Section 7.7 was revised to allow for the use of fire-retardant combustible materials for ducts connected to powder coating booths.
- (4) In Chapter 8, the maximum quantities of flammable and combustible liquids were changed to correlate with changes to NFPA 30, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code.
- (5) In Chapters 11, 12, and 15, subsections 11.3.6, 12.5.4, and 15.13.4 were added to designate certain highly resistive workpieces as grounded if they meet certain criteria for surface conductivity.

The following major changes were adopted in the 2011 edition:

- (1) The document scope was amended to exempt certain small quantity operations and a decision tree was added to Annex A to assist the user.
- (2) The definition of spray area was amended.
- (3) Chapter 6 was revised to recognize the Zone 21 and Zone 22 hazardous (classified) area classifications for combustible dusts.
- (4) Section 7.7 was amended to allow concrete as a material of construction for spray area exhaust plenums and ducts.

- (5) Section 8.2 was revised to recognize the concept of maximum allowable quantities (MAQs) and establish quantity limits based on MAQs.
- (6) Section 13.2 was revised to provide clarification for spray areas used for drying or curing at a temperature above that of the area where the spray application takes place.
- (7) Section 13.5 was added to address installations where the spray booth or spray room is directly connected to the drying/curing oven by an enclosed vestibule.
- (8) Section 17.3 was amended by replacing the requirement for an automatic sprinkler system with a requirement that resin application areas be protected in accordance with Chapter 9.
- (9) Subsection 17.5.2 was amended to replace the requirement for Division 1/Zone 1 electrical equipment with the requirement for Division 2/Zone 2.

The following major changes were adopted in the 2016 edition:

- Chapter 1 was revised to include indoor and outdoor spray application processes and operations within temporary membrane enclosures.
- (2) Chapter 9 was revised to allow for the use of water mist systems and to clarify the sprinkler design area requirement.
- (3) The figure in Chapter 14 was revised to improve consistency and to clarify the electrical classification requirements in the document.
- (4) Chapter 15 was revised to incorporate the requirements for combustible dusts that are present in operations.
- (5) Chapter 18 was added to address the use of temporary membrane enclosures

The following major changes were adopted in the 2018 edition:

- (1) In Chapter 3, new or revised definitions were added for automated spray application operations, basement, control area, dry particulate scrubber spray booth, and workstation.
- (2) Chapter 5 was revised to address the confusion between spray rooms and spray booths.
- (3) The figures in Chapter 6 were revised to improve consistency and to clarify electrical classification requirements in the document.
- (4) Chapter 7 was revised to provide clarification on the heating of recirculated air and the manifolding of exhaust ducts.

The following major changes have been adopted in the 2021 edition of the standard:

- (1) The Origin and Development for previous editions of NFPA 33 has been updated to better act as a brief summary of the historical changes to the standard.
- (2) Several editorial revisions have been made, including updates to extracted material. Some of these updated extracts from NFPA 30 have led to revised language concerning the classification of liquids and their associated definitions. In the annex material for Chapter 6, direction has been added to the applicable sections of NFPA 70[®], National Electrical Code[®], for the construction and installation of flexible power cords.
- (3) Several clarifications have been introduced to this new edition of the standard. Examples of this include requirements for the recirculation of heated air that does not apply to spray booths used for curing, language explaining why plastic bags should not be used to cover sprinklers, and how automatic fire protection is not required in small spray booths. Additionally, Chapter 9 has been reorganized to provide a better flow of information.

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NOTE: Membership on a committee shall not in and of itself constitute an endorsement of the Association or any document developed by the committee on which the member serves.

Committee Scope: This Committee shall have primary responsibility for documents on safeguarding against the fire and explosion hazards associated with spray application processes, dipping processes, coating processes, and other similar processes, including glass fiber/resin fabrication processes and printing processes, except for certain dipping processes that are within the scope of the Committee on Ovens and Furnaces.

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